

認知情報解析学演習

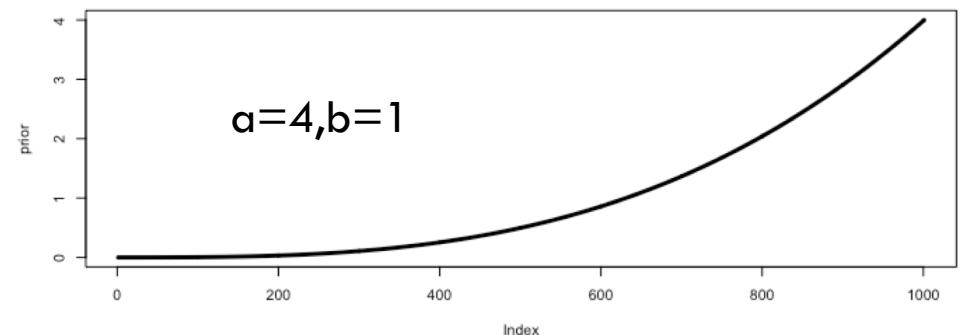
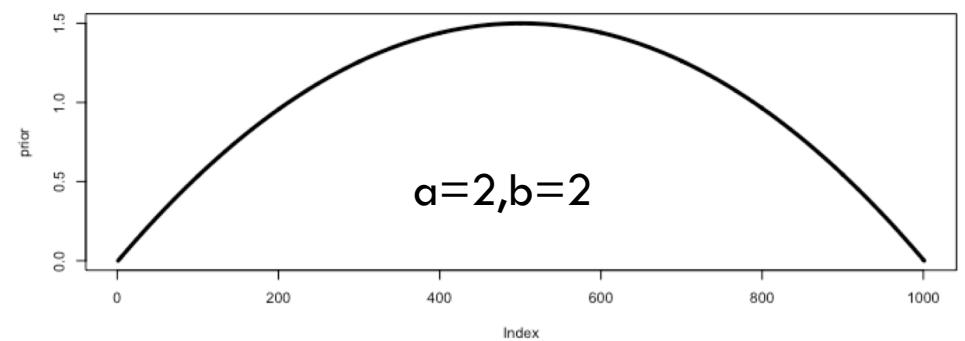
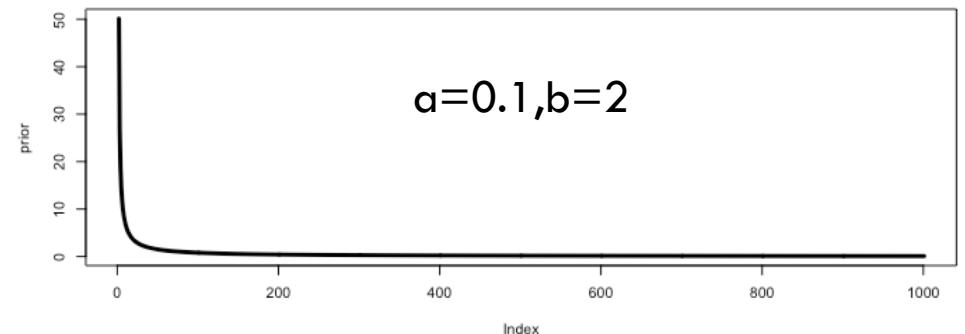
JAGS

ベータ分布(PRIOR)

$$p(\theta|a,b) = \text{beta}(\theta|a,b)$$

$$= \frac{\theta^{(a-1)}(1-\theta)^{(b-1)}}{B(a,b)}$$

$$B(a,b) = \int_0^1 \theta^{(a-1)}(1-\theta)^{(b-1)} d\theta$$



ベータ分布

$$\text{beta}(\theta|a,b) = \frac{\theta^{(a-1)}(1-\theta)^{(b-1)}}{B(a,b)}$$

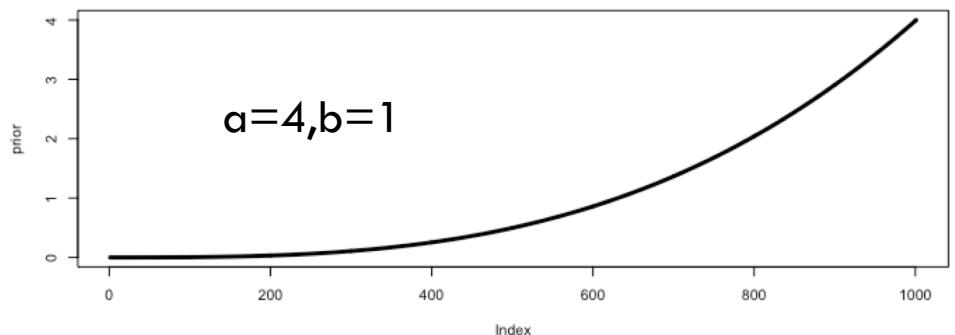
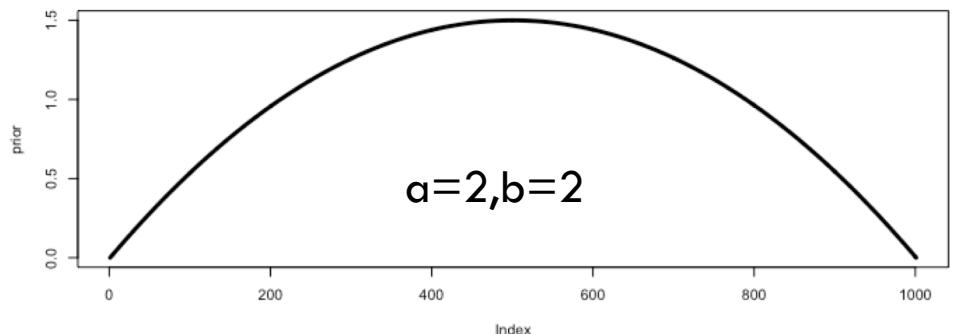
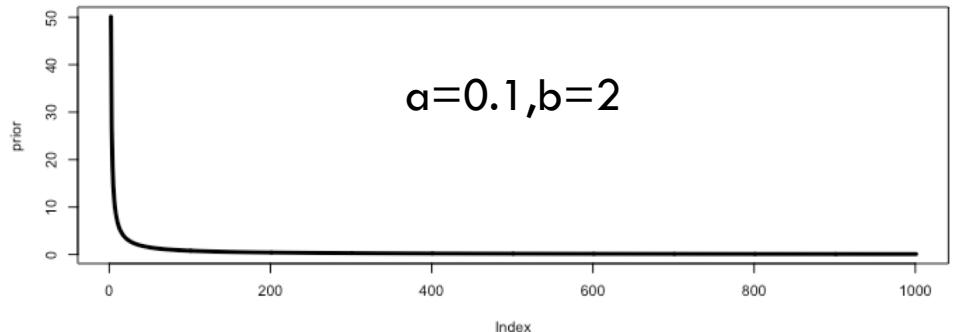
Mean: $\mu = \frac{a}{a+b}$

Mode: $\omega = \frac{a-1}{a+b-2}$

Concentration: $\kappa = a + b$

$$a = \mu\kappa; b = (1 - \mu)\kappa$$

$$a = \omega(\kappa - 2) + 1; b = (1 - \omega)(\kappa - 2) + 1$$



JAGS (JUST ANOTHER GS)

- Data はリスト形式
- Modelはテキスト（外部）ファイル
- Jags
 - n.chains: 独立したサンプルの数
 - n.adapt: サンプラーのパラメターを自動調整に使用するサンプル数
 - N.iter: iterationの回数
 - Thining: サンプルの記録周期（何個飛ばしで記録するか）
 - Update: サンプルの空焼き
 - 手続き
 - Data -> model -> jags.model -> update -> sampling

EXAMPLE

Model:

```
model {  
    for ( i_data in 1:Ntotal ) {  
        y[ i_data ] ~ dbern( theta )  
    }  
    theta ~ dbeta( 1, 1 )  
}
```

$y_i \sim \text{bern}(\theta)$
 $\theta \sim \text{beta}(a = 1, b = 1)$

EXAMPLE

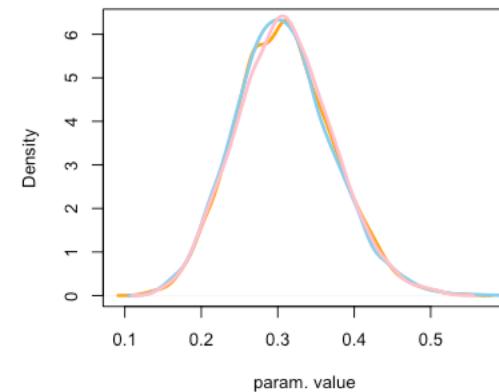
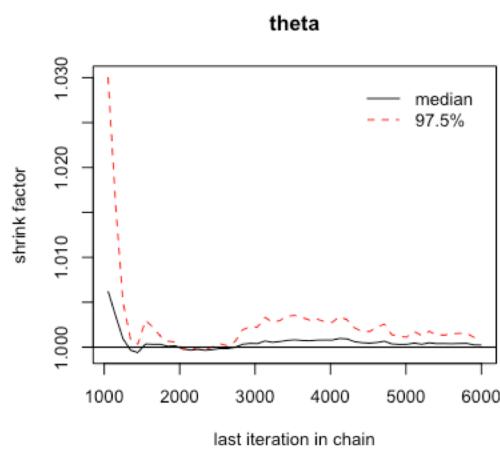
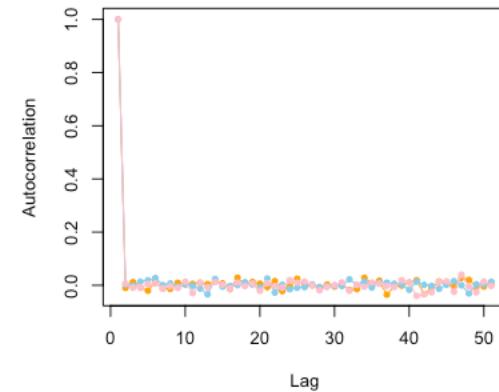
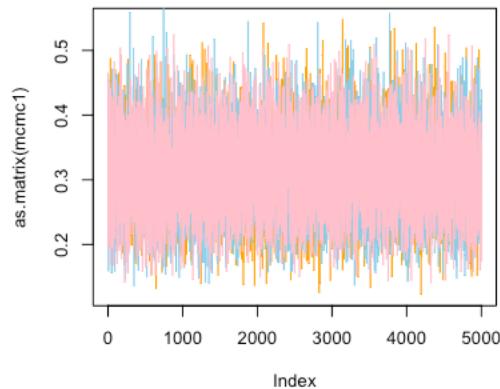
```
# data preparation
y = sample(c(rep(1,15), rep(0,35)))
Ntotal=length(dat$y)
datalist = list(y=y,Ntotal=Ntotal)

# model
txt = "
model {
  for ( i_data in 1:Ntotal ) {
    y[ i_data ] ~ dbern( theta )
  }
  theta ~ dbeta( 1, 1 )
}"
writeLines(txt, "~model.txt")
```

EXAMPLE

```
# jags
library(rjags)
jagsModel = jags.model(file("~/model.txt",
                           data=datalist,n.chains=3,n.adapt=500)
update(jagsModel,n.iter=1000)
codaSamples=coda.samples(jagsModel,variable.names=c("theta"),n.iter=5000)
mcmcMat<-as.matrix(codaSamples)
# checking MCMC
HDI.plot(mcmcMat)
traceplot(codaSamples)
autocorr.plot(codaSamples,type='l')
gelman.plot(codaSamples)
```

CHECKING MCMC



EXAMPLE2: 2 DIFF. THETA

```
# model 8.4
model {
  for ( i_data in 1:Ntotal ) {
    y[ i_data ] ~ dbern( theta[s[i_data]] )
  }
  for ( i_s in 1:Nsubj) {
    theta[i_s] ~ dbeta( 2, 2 )
  }
}

# model 8.2
model {
  for ( i_data in 1:Ntotal ) {
    y[ i_data ] ~ dbern( theta)
  }
  for ( i_s in 1:Nsubj) {
    theta ~ dbeta( 1, 1 )
  }
}
```

EXAMPLE2: 2 DIFF. THETA

```
# model 8.4
model {
  for ( i_data in 1:Ntotal ) {
    y[ i_data ] ~ dbern( theta[s[i_data]] )
  }
  for ( i_s in 1:Nsubj) {
    theta[i_s] ~ dbeta( 2, 2 )
  }
}

# model 8.2
model {
  for ( i_data in 1:Ntotal ) {
    y[ i_data ] ~ dbern( theta)
  }
  for ( i_s in 1:Nsubj) {
    theta ~ dbeta( 2, 2 )
  }
}
```

$y_i \sim \text{bern}(\theta_s)$
 $\theta_s \sim \text{beta}(a = 2, b = 2)$

$y_i \sim \text{bern}(\theta)$
 $\theta \sim \text{beta}(a = 1, b = 1)$

EXAMPLE

```
# data preparation
y1 = sample(c(rep(1,6), rep(0,2)))
y2 = sample(c(rep(1,2), rep(0,5)))
y = c(y1,y2)
s = c(rep(1,8),rep(2,7))
Ntotal=length(dat$y)
datalist = list(y = y, Ntotal = Ntotal, s = s)
```

EXAMPLE

```
# model
txt = "
model {
  for ( i_data in 1:Ntotal ) {
    y[ i_data ] ~ dbern( theta[s[i_data]] )
  }
  for ( i_s in 1:Nsubj) {
    theta[i_s] ~ dbeta( 2, 2 )
  }
}"
writeLines(txt, "~model.txt")
```

EXAMPLE

```
# jags
jagsModel = jags.model(file("~/model.txt",
                           data=datalist, n.chains=3, n.adapt=500)
update(jagsModel, n.iter=1000)
codaSamples=coda.samples(jagsModel, variable.names=c("theta"), n.iter=5000)
mcmcMat<-as.matrix(codaSamples)
# checking MCMC
HDI.plot(mcmcMat)
traceplot(codaSamples)
autocorr.plot(codaSamples, type='l')
gelman.plot(codaSamples)
```

ベータ分布

$$\text{beta}(\theta|a,b) = \frac{\theta^{(a-1)}(1-\theta)^{(b-1)}}{B(a,b)}$$

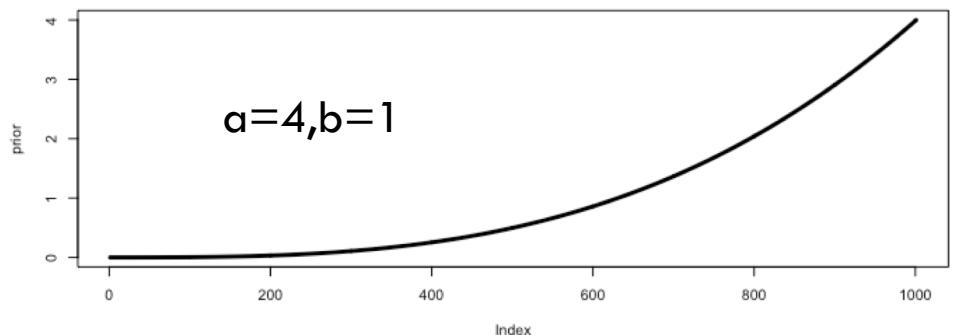
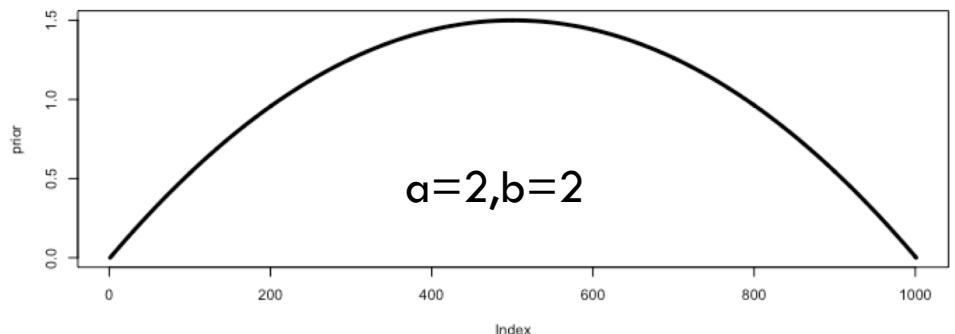
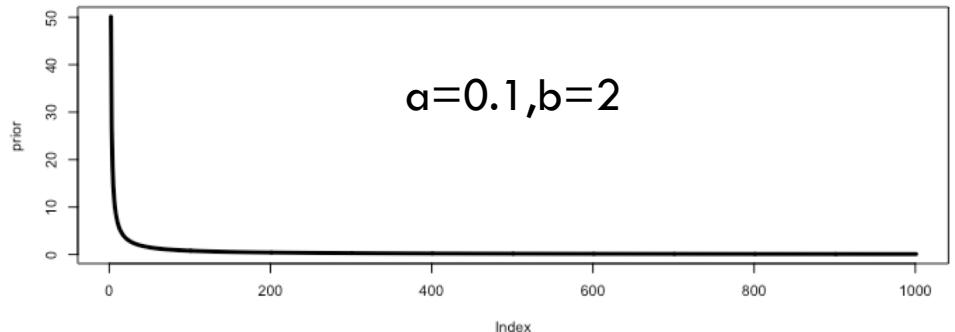
Mean: $\mu = \frac{a}{a+b}$

Mode: $\omega = \frac{a-1}{a+b-2}$

Concentration: $\kappa = a + b$

$$a = \mu\kappa; b = (1 - \mu)\kappa$$

$$a = \omega(\kappa - 2) + 1; b = (1 - \omega)(\kappa - 2) + 1$$



階層的モデル

$Y \sim \text{Bern}(\theta)$

$\theta \sim \text{beta}(\omega(\kappa - 2) + 1, (1 - \omega)(\kappa - 2) + 1)$

$y_i \sim \text{bern}(\theta)$

$\theta \sim \text{beta}(a, b) = \text{beta}(\omega(\kappa - 2) + 1, (1 - \omega)(\kappa - 2) + 1)$

$\omega \sim \text{beta}(a, b)$

GAMMA分布

$$\Gamma(k|a,b) = \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} \exp(-\beta x)$$

$\alpha > 0$: shape; $\beta > 0$: rate

Mean: $\mu = \frac{\alpha}{\beta}$

Mode: $\omega = \frac{\alpha-1}{\beta}$

Var: $\sigma = \frac{\sqrt{\alpha}}{\beta}$

$\alpha = \frac{\mu^2}{\sigma^2}; \beta = \frac{\mu}{\sigma^2}$

$\alpha = 1 + \omega\beta; \beta = \frac{\omega + \sqrt{\omega^2 + 4\sigma^2}}{2\sigma^2}$

階層的モデル

$Y \sim \text{Bern}(\theta)$

$\theta \sim \text{beta}(\omega(\kappa - 2) + 1, (1 - \omega)(\kappa - 2) + 1)$

$\omega \sim \text{beta}(a, b)$

$\kappa \sim \text{gamma}(S, R)$

$$y_i \sim \text{bern}(\theta_s)$$

$$\theta_s \sim \text{beta}(\omega(\kappa - 2) + 1, (1 - \omega)(\kappa - 2) + 1)$$

$$\omega \sim \text{beta}(a, b)$$

$$\kappa \sim \text{gamma}(s, r)$$

階層的モデル

```
txt = "
model {
  for ( i_data in 1:Ntotal ) {
    y[ i_data ] ~ dbern( theta[s[i_data]] )
  }
  for ( i_s in 1:Nsubj) {
    theta[i_s] ~ dbeta( omega*(kappa-2)+1 , (1-omega)*(kappa-2)+1 )
  }
  omega ~ dbeta(1,1)
  kappa <- kappaMinusTwo + 2
  kappaMinusTwo ~ dgamma(0.01, 0.01)
}"
writeLines(txt, "~model.txt")
```

階層的モデル

```
dat<-read.csv(" http://www.matsuka.info/data_folder/TherapeuticTouchData.csv" )  
y=dat$y  
s=as.numeric(dat$s)  
Ntotal=length(dat$y)  
Nsubj=length(unique(s))  
datalist = list(y=y,s=s,Ntotal=Ntotal,Nsubj=Nsubj)  
  
jagsModel = jags.model(file=~model.txt",data=datalist,n.chains=3,n.adapt=500)  
update(jagsModel,n.iter=1000)  
codaSamples=coda.samples(jagsModel,variable.names=c("theta","omega","kappa"),n.iter  
=5000)  
mcmcMat<-as.matrix(codaSamples)
```

階層的モデル

$Y \sim \text{Bern}(\theta)$

$\theta \sim \text{beta}(\omega.c(Kappa.c-2)+1, (1-\omega.c)(Kappa.c-2)+1)$

$\omega.c \sim \text{beta}(\omega(Kappa.c-2)+1, (1-\omega)(Kappa.c-2)+1)$

$Kappa.c \sim \text{gamma}(S, R)$

$\omega \sim \text{beta}(a, b)$

$Kappa \sim \text{gamma}(S, R)$

$y_i \sim \text{bern}(\theta_s)$

$\theta_s \sim \text{beta}(\omega_c(\kappa_c - 2) + 1, (1 - \omega_c)(\kappa_c - 2) + 1)$

$\omega_c \sim \text{beta}(\omega(\kappa_c - 2) + 1, (1 - \omega)(\kappa_c - 2) + 1)$

$\kappa_c \sim \text{gamma}(s, r)$

$\omega \sim \text{beta}(a, b)$

$\kappa_c \sim \text{gamma}(s, r)$

階層的モデル

```
model {
  for (i_s in 1:Nsubj) {
    z[i_s] ~ dbin( theta[i_s], N[i_s])
    theta[i_s] ~ dbeta(omega[c[i_s]]*(kappa[c[i_s]]-2)+1,
                       (1-omega[c[i_s]])*(kappa[c[i_s]]-2)+1)
  }
  for (i_c in 1:Ncat) {
    omega[i_c] ~ dbeta(omega0*(kappa0-2)+1, (1-omega0)*(kappa0-2)+1)
    kappa[i_c] <- kappaMinusTwo[i_c]+2
    kappaMinusTwo[i_c] ~ dgamma(0.01,0.01)
  }
  omega0 ~ dbeta(1,1)
  kappa0 <- kappaMinusTwo0+2
  kappaMinusTwo0 ~ dgamma(0.01,0.01)
}
```